International Genetically Engineered Machine

The International Genetically Engineered Machine (iGEM) competition is a worldwide synthetic biology competition that was initially aimed at undergraduate university students, but has since expanded to include divisions for high school students, entrepreneurs, and community laboratories, as well as 'overgraduates'.

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Competition details

Student teams are given a kit (so called 'Distribution Kit') of standard, interchangeable parts (so called 'BioBricks') at the beginning of the summer from the <u>Registry of Standard</u> Biological Parts comprising various genetic components such

International Genetically Engineered Machine Date(s) November 09 -November 13 (2017) October 24 - October 28 (2018) October 31 - November 4 (2019) October 28 - November 2 (2020)Frequency Annually Boston, Massachusetts, Location(s) **United States** With additional events worldwide Inaugurated 2003 Most recent 2019 (https://2019.igem.o rg/Main Page) Website www.igem.org (http://ww w.igem.org)

as promoters, <u>terminators</u>, <u>reporter elements</u>, and <u>plasmid backbones</u>. Working at their local laboratories over the summer, they use these parts and new parts of their own design to build biological systems and operate them in living cells.

The teams are free to choose a project, which can build on previous projects or be new to iGEM. Successful projects produce cells that exhibit new and unusual properties by engineering sets of multiple genes together with mechanisms to regulate their expression.

At the end of the summer, the teams add their new <u>BioBricks</u> to the <u>Parts Registry</u> and the scientific community can build upon the expanded set of BioBricks in the next year.

At the annual 'iGEM <u>Jamboree</u>' teams from all continents meet in <u>Boston</u> for a scientific conference where they present their projects to each other and to a scientific jury of ~120 judges. The judges are awarding medals, special prizes to the teams and select a 'Grand Prize Winner' team as well as 'Runner-Up' teams in each division (High School, Undergraduate and Overgraduate).

Awards & Judging in the iGEM competition

Each participant receives a participating certificate (see fig. below) and has the possibility to earn **medals** (bronze, silver and gold; see fig. below) with their team depending on different criteria that the team fulfilled in the competitions. For a bronze medal it is for example necessary to submit a new part to the <u>Parts Registry</u>, for a silver medal the team is required to document the functionality of a part and for a gold medal it is finally, among other criteria, necessary to obtain a proof-of-principle for the team's project.

In 2016 as an example, 300 teams participated in the competition from which 37% received a gold medal, 25% a silver medal, 26% a bronze medal and 12% were not awarded a medal.



iGEM 2006 from above.

In each division, the best performance in a certain aspect of the competition is honored with **special prizes**. The special

prizes include: 'Best Project' in the respective categories (app. 10 categories), 'Best Art & Design', 'Best Hardware', 'Best Measurement', 'Best Software', 'Best Human Practices', 'Best Model', 'Best New Part', 'Best Poster', 'Best Presentation', 'Best Wiki' and others depending on the competition year. Together with individual certificates, the teams are given glass trophies for each special prize (see fig. below).

From all teams in a respective division, a number of finalists are selected (1 to 6, depending on year and division) that are allowed to present their project again in front of all Jamboree participants. From the presented projects all judges select the winner of this year's iGEM competitions, the **Grand Prize Winner**-team that is awarded a big metal <u>Lego</u>-brick (see fig. below). The winning team may keep this challenge trophy for a year until it gets awarded to the next 'Grand Prize Winner'. Participants of a 'Grand Prize Winner'-team are also given <u>challenge coins</u> of the respective year (see fig. below).





Participant's certificate

Gold medal sticker

History of the competition

Growth of the annual iGEM Jamboree^[1]

Year No. of participants 2004 31 (5 teams) 2005 125 (13 teams)

| 2006 | 723 (32 teams) |
|------|-------------------|
| 2007 | 777 (54 teams) |
| 2008 | 1,248 (88 teams) |
| 2009 | 1,840 (113 teams) |
| 2010 | 2,327 (128 teams) |
| 2011 | 2,586 (165 teams) |
| 2012 | 3,696 (190 teams) |
| 2013 | 4,027 (215 teams) |
| 2014 | 4,515 (245 teams) |
| 2015 | 5,018 (280 teams) |
| 2016 | 4,432 (300 teams) |
| 2017 | 5,400 (310 teams) |

iGEM developed out of student projects conducted during MIT's <u>Independent Activities Periods</u> in 2003 and 2004. Later in 2004, a competition with five teams from various schools was held. In 2005, teams from outside the United States took part for the first time. Since then iGEM has continued to grow, with 130 teams entering in 2010. Randy Rettberg, an engineer who has worked for technology companies including <u>Apple</u>, <u>Sun</u> and <u>BBN</u>, is the founder and director of the iGEM competition.

Because of this increasing size, in the years 2011 - 2013 the competition was split into three regions: Europe, the Americas, and Asia (though teams from Africa and Australia also entered via "Europe" and "Asia" respectively). [7] Regional jamborees occurred during October; and some subset of teams attending those events were selected to advance to the World Championship at MIT in November. [8]

In January 2012 the iGEM Foundation was spun out of MIT as an independent non-profit organization located in <u>Cambridge</u>, <u>Massachusetts</u>, USA. The iGEM Foundation supports scientific research and education through operating the iGEM competition. The same year, iGEM expanded into having not only the Collegiate division, but also competitions for entrepreneurs and high school students.

For their tenth anniversary, iGEM added new tracks to the existing ones: Art & Design, Community Labs, Entrepreneurship, Measurement, Microfluidics, Policy & Practice, and Software. Although Entrepreneurship and Software were tracks in previous years, in 2014 they were made more distinct in terms of their judging requirements.^[9] Furthermore, in 2014 iGEM did not have regional jamborees, but instead hosted a giant jamboree so every team could participate in one conference in Cambridge unlike in previous years where only the regional finalists were brought to Cambridge.^[10]

Broader goals

Beyond just building biological systems, broader goals of iGEM include:

- To enable the systematic engineering of biology.
- To promote the open and transparent development of tools for engineering biology.
- And to help construct a society that can productively and safely^[11] apply biological technology.

iGEM's dual aspects of self-organization and imaginative manipulation of genetic material have demonstrated a new way to arouse student interest in modern biology and to develop their independent learning skills.

Competition results

High School Division

Top High School Teams by Year

| | Grand Prize | 2nd | 3rd | Complete Results | |
|------|---|------------------|----------------------|---|--|
| 2019 | GreatBay SZ | | | iGEM 2019 (http://2018.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2018 | GreatBay China [note 1] | | | iGEM 2018 (http://2018.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2017 | TAS Taipei 🚳 | | | iGEM 2017 (http://2017.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2016 | HSiTAIWAN 🚳 | | | iGEM 2016 (http://2016.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2015 | TAS Taipei 🚳 | | | iGEM HS 2015 (http://2015.igem.org/Mai n_Page) | |
| 2014 | CSIA-SouthKorea | TP CC-SanDiego | TAS Taipei 🚳 | iGEM HS 2014 (http://2014hs.igem.org/ Main_Page) | |
| 2013 | Lethbridge Canada | AUC Turkey 🚾 | CIDEB-UANL Mexico | iGEM HS 2013 (http://2013hs.igem.org/ Main_Page) | |
| 2012 | Heidelberg LSL | NC School of Sci | CIDEB-UANL Mexico | iGEM HS 2012 (http://2012hs.igem.org/ Main_Page) | |
| 2011 | Years prior to 2012 had no separate high school division. | | | | |

Undergraduate Division

Top Undergraduate Teams by Year

| | Grand Prize | 2nd | 3rd | | | | Complete Results |
|------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| 2019 | NCKU Tainan 🚳 | Calgary | TU Kaiserslautern | | | | iGEM 2019 (http://2018.i gem.org/Results) |
| 2018 | Valencia | UC San Diego ■ | SZU-China | | | | iGEM 2018 (http://2018.i gem.org/Results) |
| 2017 | Vilnius- Lithuania | William and Mary | Heidelberg <u></u> | | | | iGEM 2017 (http://2017.i gem.org/Results) |
| 2016 | Imperial | Sydney Australia | SCAU-China | | | | iGEM 2016 (http://2016.i gem.org/Results) |
| 2015 | William and Mary | Czech Republic | Heidelberg 💳 | | | | iGEM 2015 (http://2015.i gem.org/Results) |
| 2014 | Heidelberg | Imperial | NCTU Formosa 🚳 | | | | iGEM 2014 (http://igem. org/Results?year=2014 ®ion=All&division=ig em) |
| 2013 | Heidelberg | TU Munich | Imperial 謡 | | | | iGEM 2013 (http://igem. org/Results?year=2013 ®ion=All&division=ig em) ^[note 3] |
| 2012 | Groningen | Ljubljana == | Paris Bettencourt [note 4] | LMU Munich = | | | iGEM 2012 (http://igem. org/Results?year=2012 ®ion=All&division=ig em) |
| 2011 | Washington | Imperial | ZJU China | MIT = | | | iGEM 2011 (http://igem. org/Results?year=2011) [note 5] |
| 2010 | Ljubljana | Peking | BCCS Bristol | Cambridge | Imperial | TU Delft | iGEM 2010 (http://2010.i gem.org/Jamboree/Res ults) |
| 2009 | Cambridge | Heidelberg | Valencia | Freiburg | Groningen | Imperial | iGEM 2009 (http://2009.i gem.org/Jamboree/Res ults) |
| 2008 | Ljubljana | Freiburg | Caltech == | Harvard | NYMU Taipei 🌚 | UC Berkeley | iGEM 2008 (http://igem. org/Results?year=2008) |
| 2007 | Peking | Paris II | Ljubljana 🔤 | UC Berkeley | UCSF 🔤 | USTC | iGEM 2007 (http://2007.i gem.org/Results) [note 6] |
| 2006 | Ljubljana | Imperial | Princeton == | | | | iGEM 2006 (http://2006.i gem.org/wiki/index.php/ Jamboree) |
| 2005 | Years prior to 2006 had no specific winners. iGEM 2005 (http://2006.igem.org/lgem_2005) | | | | | | |
| 2004 | IAP 2004 (http://2006.ig em.org/lap_2004), SBC 2004 (https://archive.is/2 0121209132727/http://p artsregistry.org/cgi/htdoc s/SBC04/index.cgi) | | | | | | |
| 2003 | | | | | | | IAP 2003 (http://2006.ig em.org/lap_2003) |

Overgraduate Division

Top Overgraduate Teams by Year

| | Grand Prize | 2nd | 3rd | Complete Results | |
|------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| 2019 | EPFL 🚹 | Wageningen UR = | | iGEM 2019 (http://2018.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2018 | Marburg = | Munich = | | iGEM 2018 (http://2018.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2017 | TU Delft | Munich [note 7] | | iGEM 2017 (http://2017.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2016 | Munich [note 8] | Wageningen UR = | | iGEM 2016 (http://2016.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2015 | TU Delft | BGU Israel | | iGEM 2015 (http://2015.igem.org/Results) | |
| 2014 | UC Davis | Wageningen | TU Darmstadt | iGEM 2014 (http://igem.org/Results?year=2014®ion=All &division=igem) | |
| 2013 | Paris Bettencourt | Bielefeld = | Sun Yat-sen | iGEM 2013 (http://igem.org/Results?year=2013®ion=All &division=igem) ^[note 9] | |
| 2012 | Years prior to 2013 had no separate overgraduate division. | | | | |

Notes

- 1. Team from seven different high schools.
- 2. Combined team from Torrey Pines High School and Canyon Crest Academy.
- 3. In 2013 iGEM was divided into an undergraduate and an overgraduate section. The criterium for division was the participance of team members older than 23 years.
- 4. Students were from different universities of Paris (<u>Paris Descartes University</u>, <u>Paris Diderot</u> University, Pierre and Marie Curie University).
- 5. As of June 2012, the 2011 results page does not include results from the Championship Jamboree; but details can be found at the Jamboree page (http://2011.igem.org/Jamborees).
- 6. 2007 had six finalists but none were selected as specific runners-up.
- 7. Combined team from <u>Technische Universität München</u> and <u>Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität</u> München.
- 8. Combined team from Technische Universität München and Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München.
- 9. In 2013 iGEM was divided into an undergraduate and an overgraduate section. The criterium for division was the participance of team members older than 23 years.

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Further reading

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External links

- iGEM (http://www.igem.org/)
- Registry of Standard Biological Parts (https://web.archive.org/web/20170408112552/http://partsregistry.org/)
- The BioBricks Foundation (http://www.biobricks.org/)

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